ORDERVANE_

Big-Trade Detection for Quantower

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Pro — Installation & Activation Guide

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OrderVane Pro opens the bar. Everything in Lite — big-trade bubbles, aggression clusters, absorption — plus the full footprint: bid/ask cells inside every candle, imbalance and stacked-imbalance zones, per-bar POC and Value Area, an on-chart quick menu, and resting bid/ask walls from the order book.

OrderVane is an analysis & visualization tool. It does not place orders and does not give buy/sell signals; every trading decision and execution is made by you in your own broker.

> At a glance — about 3 minutes. Close Quantower -> copy the `OrderVane_Pro` folder into Quantower's `Settings\Scripts\Indicators` folder -> restart Quantower -> paste your license key. Full step-by-step below.

Before you begin

You will need:

- Quantower installed (the free edition or your broker's edition; latest version recommended). Built and tested against Quantower 1.144.4 (Help -> About); older versions may work but are not tested.
- Windows (Quantower desktop).
- Your OrderVane Pro license key — in your purchase confirmation email.
- The OrderVane Pro download (a `.zip` file) — from the download link in that email. The `.zip` contains the indicator and this guide.
- An internet connection for the first activation, and for re-validation — which runs when the indicator loads and when you change its settings.
- Trade (time & sales) data for the instruments you analyze. The footprint is built from executed trades.
- Level 2 (market depth) data — only if you want the bid/ask wall lines. Everything else works without it.

Step 1 — Find your Quantower "Indicators" folder

Quantower loads custom indicators from its `Settings\Scripts\Indicators` folder. On a standard install this is:

```
C:\Quantower\Settings\Scripts\Indicators
```

If you're not sure where Quantower is installed: find the Quantower folder that contains `Settings\Scripts\Indicators`.

Step 2 — Close Quantower

Save your workspace if needed, then fully exit Quantower (close the application, not just the chart). The indicator file cannot be installed or replaced while Quantower is running.

Step 3 — Copy the OrderVane folder

1. Unzip the OrderVane download.

2. Copy the `OrderVane_Pro` folder into the `Indicators` folder from Step 1.

You should end up with this exact layout:

```
...\Settings\Scripts\Indicators\OrderVane_Pro\OrderVane_Pro.dll
```

> The Windows "blocked" flag (optional) — Windows marks files downloaded from the internet. It does not stop Quantower from loading the indicator, so you can skip this. To clear it anyway: right-click the `.zip` -> Properties -> Unblock -> OK.

> Tip — if the `Indicators` folder doesn't exist yet, create it. Keep the DLL inside its own `OrderVane_Pro` subfolder (don't drop it loose).

> Antivirus note — some antivirus or Windows SmartScreen may flag a new, unsigned `.dll` as a false positive. OrderVane is safe; if your antivirus quarantines `OrderVane_Pro.dll`, restore it from quarantine and add an exception for the `OrderVane_Pro` folder.

Step 4 — Restart Quantower

Start Quantower again so it detects the new indicator.

Step 5 — Add OrderVane to a chart

1. Open a chart for the instrument you want to analyze — for example CL crude-oil futures (e.g. CLEM26). OrderVane works on any timeframe and any instrument that has trade (time & sales) data — not just CL.
2. Right-click the chart -> Add indicator (or click the indicators icon on the toolbar).
3. Find OrderVane under Custom -> OrderVane_Pro, or type "OrderVane" in the search box.
4. Select it and confirm — it is added to the chart.

Step 6 — Enter your license key

1. Open the indicator's Settings (right-click the OrderVane name on the chart -> Settings, or click its gear icon).
2. In the License section, paste your License key.

Once entered, OrderVane validates your key online and unlocks. Until a valid key is entered, a watermark is shown and the OrderVane markers stay hidden (your candles and chart remain fully usable).

Step 7 — Verify it's working

- The chart shows a name badge that starts with `OrderVane Pro`.
- The License status line in Settings shows your license as active.

- Zoom in until the candles are wide. Bid/ask cells appear inside each bar, and the order-flow markers appear on the tape.

You're all set — OrderVane is now reading the tape and opening the bars on your chart.

> First load takes a moment. When you open a chart or change timeframe, Quantower recalculates volume analysis for every loaded bar. Cells and bubbles fill in progressively while that runs, and the longer the loaded history the longer it takes. OrderVane's own tick engine (on by default) fills the recent bars straight away, so the right-hand side of the chart is usable while older bars are still being processed.

Reading a footprint bar

A footprint bar replaces the single candle body with a price ladder. Each row is one price (or a group of ticks), and each row is split in two:

- Left half = bid side. Volume that traded at the bid — sellers hitting into resting buyers.
- Right half = ask side. Volume that traded at the ask — buyers lifting resting sellers.

By default each cell shows volume, with a faint horizontal bar behind the number scaled to that cell's size, so you can read relative activity without reading every digit. You can switch the cell number to trade count, bid/ask percentage of the level, or average trade size (Footprint cell data type). Trade count and average trade size come from the platform's volume analysis, though: on bars OrderVane built with its own tick engine those two fall back to volume, because a tick aggregation carries volume per price but not a trade count per price.

Rows are grouped. By default four ticks are merged into one row (Ticks per row in the quick menu, or Footprint price step in Settings). Set it to 1 to see every tick — the rows get shorter, so you'll need to zoom in further for the numbers to fit.

What the colors mean

Most numbers are deliberately neutral. Color is reserved for the things worth noticing:

- Imbalance. When one side of a row is at least 3x the other (Footprint imbalance ratio), that half-cell gets a colored background chip and bold numbers — the up color on the ask side, the down color on the bid side. In the default OrderFlow palette those are cyan and orange; choose Classic in Footprint color scheme if you want green and red. By default this compares the two halves of the same row (vertical). Diagonal comparison — ask at one price against the bid one tick below — is a separate switch (Diagonal imbalance enabled), off by default.
- Stacked imbalance zones. When 3 or more imbalanced rows stack consecutively (Footprint stacked imbalance bins), OrderVane marks the price band and extends it to the right until price trades through it. Over past bars you see only the upper and lower boundary lines, so the cells stay readable; the empty space to the right of the last bar is filled with a hatch. A label such as `Stack` with a count and direction arrow sits at the start of the zone. Broken zones fade to a faint band instead of disappearing outright.
- POC — the price that traded the most inside that bar — is outlined in gold with a star marker and only a faint gold tint, so the cell's own bars stay readable (Show POC highlight, on by default).
- Value Area — the band around the POC holding 70% of the bar's volume (Value Area percent) — is drawn as dotted upper and lower boundary lines by default. You can switch it to background shading, or both (Footprint value area style). The dotted lines stay visible when you zoom out past the point where cells hide.

Beside each bar OrderVane also draws a small horizontal volume profile (Footprint volume profile, on by default) — the same volumes as the cells, shaped so you can see where the bar concentrated its trade. It takes a slice of the bar's width, so switch it off if you want the cells to use all of it.

Above each bar, a total-volume label and a delta label show the bar's totals (both on by default).

What happens as you zoom out

OrderVane simplifies rather than crowding the screen. Four thresholds do this — three of them adjustable:

- Below 34 px of bar width (the default) the cells are hidden entirely and you see the candle only (Footprint cluster min bar width).
- Below 11 px of row height the numbers are hidden — and by default the cells with them (Footprint text min row height; Footprint: hide cells when numbers do not fit is on by default, turn it off to keep colored boxes without numbers). There is a matching bar-width threshold (Footprint text min bar width), but it also defaults to 34 px — so at stock settings the cells vanish at the same width the numbers would.
- Cells smaller than 3% of the bar's largest cell drop their number but keep their bar (Footprint text dust filter %). Imbalanced rows and the POC are exempt.
- A cell also drops its number when a representative four-digit figure would not fit the space. That one adjusts itself and has no setting.

When cells are hidden, a small direction triangle is drawn under each bar showing which way that bar's delta went (Delta shadow when zoomed out, off by default).

> If a bar is empty or hatched — a bar drawn with faint diagonal hatching and a total-volume number means your broker reported the bar's volume but not its price-by-price breakdown, and OrderVane stopped retrying for that gap. It is not a bug and it is not a loading state; the distribution for that stretch simply isn't available. OrderVane deliberately shows no delta there, because the buy/sell split genuinely isn't known. The hatching itself shows at almost any zoom; the total-volume number needs a wide bar (Footprint text min bar width, 34 px by default).

Quick menu (on-chart)

A small button with a cell-grid icon sits on the left edge of the chart, about a fifth of the way down. Click it to open the quick panel — the fastest way to change what is on screen without opening Settings. Click the button again to close it. The panel stays open while you work and while you pan the chart, and clicking elsewhere on the chart does not close it.

The left column controls the footprint itself:

- Footprint cells — the master switch for the whole ladder.
- STYLE — four rows: Bar style, Color scheme, Value Area, Candle style. Click a row and the choices open directly underneath it. Several rows can be open at once, and picking an option does not close the panel. Below them, Value area % ([–] 70% [+]) sets how much of each bar's volume its Value Area covers, from 1 to 100; click the number to type one.
- Ticks per row — a `[-] value [+]` stepper. The box shows how many ticks are merged into one row, such as `4t`. Stepping below 1 selects Auto, and the box then shows what the volatility rule picked, such as `Auto 4t`.

- DISPLAY — POC highlight, the volume label on the bar, the delta label on the bar, and Delta shadow (zoom).

The right side holds everything drawn over the chart. Each column carries a banner, and the groups inside it collapse when you click their header:

- Symbol preset — the first row in MARKERS. Click it and the markets unfold (CL / ES / NQ / GC / RTY / 6E); picking one writes that market's starting thresholds immediately, and the row reads Custom as soon as you touch any of the three volume steppers below it.
- MARKERS — Big trade markers, Aggression clusters, Absorption, Reload markers, plus the number steppers that matter most: Min volume, Bars (how many bars back markers are drawn; 0 shows all, and the box then displays the actual loaded bar count), Cluster vol, and Absorb vol. Lane stacking, Apply adaptive and Importance filter sit indented under the big-trade row because they change how bubbles are placed, thresholded and thinned when zoomed out.
- LEVELS — Stacked imbalance zones, Naked POC lines, Unfinished auction, Zero print levels, Bid/ask walls.
- CUSTOM PROFILE — Range profile (draw), RP LVN bands, and RP tape strip (the speed histogram inside a box, off by default).
- UI — Overlay legend.
- BAR STATS — Bar stats grid, Row height, the T/s meter row with its Data, Style, Smoothing and Alert choices, and Vol backdrop.
- PREV SESSION VA — the session levels controls: Show profile, Extend levels, Touch band, Absorption verdicts, Rebuild profile, Session hours with Session open and Session close, VA %, Band ticks, Days back, and Session Map window (opens the Session Map window, switches it to this chart, brings it to the front, or closes it).

All number steppers work three ways: click for exactly one step, press and hold the minus or plus to repeat (it accelerates the longer you hold), and scroll the wheel over the row. The wheel is only captured over a stepper row — anywhere else it still zooms the chart.

As always, these change only what is displayed — never your orders.

Hovering a row shows a card with what that switch does - the same text as the settings window.

Bid/ask walls

A wall is a price level where an unusually large resting order sits in the order book. OrderVane draws it as a horizontal line — blue below the market for bid-side size, dark red above for ask-side size — with the size printed next to it. It is on by default.

> Requires Level 2 (market depth) data. OrderVane reads the live order book from Quantower. If your broker or data plan does not include depth, no wall lines are drawn. There is no error message — the feature simply stays silent, and everything else keeps working.

How a level qualifies:

- It must be at least 3x the average size of the levels being scanned (Wall size multiple), across the top 20 levels (Wall scan depth). You can switch to a percentile rule instead (Wall threshold mode).
- It must clear a size floor. By default OrderVane derives that floor from the symbol's own book so you don't have to know the instrument's typical size (Wall auto floor). Turn it off to use a fixed Wall min size (15 contracts) instead.

- It must have been sitting there for at least 5 seconds (Wall min age to show). Quotes that appear and cancel within a second or two never get drawn.

Two things worth knowing. First, resting size is not a commitment — limit orders are routinely cancelled, and a wall can vanish the moment price approaches it. OrderVane shows you what is in the book right now; it makes no claim about what will happen there. Second, walls are a live-only feature: there is no historical order book, so wall lines exist only for the current state of the market.

Session levels

A footprint bar tells you what happened inside one bar. Session levels tell you which prices the market has already spent time agreeing on — and they are the reference most order-flow traders actually work from. OrderVane builds them from the previous session and keeps them on the chart while today trades. This is on by default.

What gets drawn:

- The previous session's volume profile, on the left of the session it belongs to, so you can see where that session built value and where it left gaps.
- VAH, VAL and POC extended to the right, across today, each labelled with its price. These are the lines you watch price approach.
- A touch band around each line — a few ticks either side (Session levels: band ticks, 3 by default). Price rarely stops at an exact number, so the band is what "at the level" means in practice.
- An absorption mark when a touch is met with unusual effort and price barely penetrates the band. It is drawn as a short bar over the level for as long as the touch lasted, with an `absorption` label and an arrow for the side the touch came from: up when price came down into the level, down when it came up into it.

The absorption mark is an observation, not a forecast. It says: a lot of size traded at this level and price did not move through it. That is a description of what already happened. It is not a probability, not a signal, and not a recommendation — what you do with it is your decision.

It is drawn after the fact, not as price arrives, and only when price did not push through. So every mark you see sits on a touch the level held, and a touch that broke through gets no mark. Looking back, the marks will always look like a clean record; that is how the mark is defined, not evidence that absorption makes a level hold.

Choosing the session

By default the session hours are left blank (Session levels: session hours). For CME equity index, energy, metal, interest rate, currency and grain futures, a blank field means the exchange's regular hours in Chicago time — for example 08:30–15:00 for ES and NQ and 08:00–13:30 for CL. On other markets OrderVane picks the session from the chart's session list. To use other hours, type them in exchange time, for example `08:00-13:30`; to use the whole trading day, type `full`.

> Worth checking on your instrument. Many symbols only expose one combined session (overnight plus regular hours) in the platform, and automatic detection can only choose from what is there. If the profile you get covers far more hours than you expected, type the hours you want instead of relying on automatic detection.

Session levels: sessions back (1 by default) controls how many previous sessions are drawn. Extra sessions are drawn faded and without the touch band — the band marks the level being measured,

and measuring against several days at once is not what it is for.

The profile that gets drawn and the levels that get measured are the same object, so what you see and what the absorption mark judges can never drift apart. If you change the value area percentage or the session hours, the profile rebuilds; you can also force a rebuild from the quick menu when the platform has filled in more history since it was first built.

Session Map window

The session levels on the chart show you yesterday's value. The Session Map puts that in context: the last five sessions and today on one price axis, in a window of its own, so you can keep it on a second monitor while the chart stays clean. The window is on by default and opens when OrderVane Pro is on a chart.

What the window shows:

- LAST 5 SESSIONS — five past sessions side by side, each with its candles, its volume profile, its value area and POC, and its VWAP. The value area is also drawn as a band behind the candles, across the hours it was measured in, and the profile shows the value area in colour and the rest in grey. The label above each one says how that session's value sat against the session before it: Higher value, Overlapping higher, Inside value, Outside value, Unchanged value, Overlapping lower or Lower value.
- TODAY — today's candles with the developing profile on the right, today's VWAP, and the prior session's VAH, POC and VAL drawn across.
- VALUE (left) — the prior session's VAH, POC and VAL as prices, where the last price is against that value area (inside it, or how many ticks above the VAH or below the VAL), and the label for the prior session.
- WATCH (left) — up to four nearby levels, numbered from the highest price down, each with what it is and how many ticks away it is. The same numbers mark those levels on the price axis.
- LAST 10 / 20 SESSIONS (left) — of the last 10 and the last 20 sessions, how many moved value up, how many moved it down, and how many did neither (inside, outside or unchanged against the session before), plus how far the middle of the value area moved over each span (Net move).
- VOLATILITY (left) — the current ATR on 5-minute bars and how it compares with what is normal for this time of day.

Everything in the window is a description of what has already traded. The top line of the window says so — `description, not a forecast` — and the WATCH list is a list of places, not a suggestion to act at them.

One window, one chart

There is one Session Map window, and it follows one chart. The quick menu row Session Map window (in the PREV SESSION VA group) is how you steer it:

- On a chart the window is not following, the row reads Session Map: follow here. Click it and the window switches to that chart.
- If the window is hidden behind other windows or minimized, a click on the row brings it to the front. The next click closes it.
- If the window is closed, a click opens it for that chart.

Closing the window with the X button on its title bar keeps it closed, also after you restart Quantower. Reopen it from the quick menu row, or by turning the Session Map window setting off

and on.

Changing the chart's timeframe or bar type does not close the window.

The window's own menu

Click the menu button on the window's title bar — the leftmost of the buttons at its right end — or right-click anywhere inside the window:

- Always on top — keeps the window above other windows. The T key does the same.
- Snap to — what the window sticks to when you move it: Off, QT windows, or QT windows + screen edges.
- Theme — seven palettes. It applies to this window only; the chart keeps its own colors. With Light, the map itself stays dark for now.
- Sections — turn the Volatility, Watch levels and Value history blocks on or off. Value is always shown. The left-hand cards appear when the window is at least 1100 px wide.
- Watch levels — how many to show (3 to 6), and which kinds to include besides the prior session's VAH, VAL and POC, the VWAP and today's POC: overnight high and low, the previous session's high and low, today's high or low that has held for 15 minutes or more, and the value edges from two sessions ago that sit outside the prior value.
- VWAP — show or hide the VWAP lines, today's and each past session's.
- Chart crosshair link — on by default: the price under your mouse on the chart is marked at the same price in the window with a dotted line and a price tag, and the price under your mouse in the window is marked on the chart. It works with the chart the window is following. Turn it off here.
- Session hours — Automatic takes the exchange's session list; Regular hours uses hours that you type in once, in exchange time (the menu shows what time it is at the exchange). The window remembers the last regular hours you used on that instrument, so you can switch between the two with one click. Hours that cover the whole trading day are not accepted as regular hours. This is the same setting as Session levels: session hours, so the chart's session levels and the window always use the same session.
- Minimize (also the X key on the keyboard while the window is active) and Close window.

The window remembers its position, size, theme and these choices in `Documents\OrderVane_SessionMap\desk_window.json`. Deleting that file resets the window to its first position at the bottom of your main screen.

What it needs

The Session Map reads the chart's symbol and loads its own history for it, mainly one-minute bars with volume. While that history is loading the window says so. If your connection does not provide that history for the symbol, the window says that too instead of drawing an empty map.

When the session hours are automatic and the chart's session list has only one full-day session, the window uses that whole day and says `RTH not set (one full-day session)`. To see regular hours, enter them under Session hours.

Big trades list

A button with a list icon (three dots and lines) sits in the left button column of the chart. Click it and a separate window opens with the big trades on that chart, newest first. It lists the same trades the bubbles draw — the same minimum and the same loaded bars — up to 500 rows. Click the button again to close the window.

- Columns — TIME (your local time; the date appears when it is not today), SIDE (B = buyers took the offer, S = sellers hit the bid), PRICE and SIZE. The bar inside SIZE is the trade against the largest one in the list, split into its buy and sell shares; a bold number is at least twice the chart minimum.
- Widen the window for three more columns — delta% (buy minus sell as a share of the trade), BASIS (the trade as a share of all volume in the basis window, Basis volume interval) and L2 % (the trade as a share of the resting size on the opposite side of the book at that moment, live trades only, Level2 level count). Hover a column header for its explanation.
- Click a row — the chart moves to that bubble and circles it for a few seconds (Highlight color). The up and down arrow keys move through the rows and the chart follows; Enter goes to the selected row again and Home jumps to the newest.
- Toolbar — All / Buy / Sell, a minimum size for this list ([–]/[+], hold Shift for steps of 10, the mouse wheel, or click the number to type it; it never goes below the chart's own bubble minimum), a pin that keeps the window on top, and a button that goes back to the newest trade.
- Right-click the window — Theme (Auto follows Quantower, Dark, Light, Slate, Terminal), Snap to windows (lines the window up with a Quantower window when you drag it close), Always on top, Go to newest. The window remembers its position, size, theme and on-top setting.

There is one list window at a time, and it shows the chart whose button you pressed last. To hide the button, turn off Big trades list in the quick panel's MARKERS group or in Settings. Buy/sell split, right next to it, draws each bubble as its buy and sell shares.

Volume shelves — Pro adds the verdict

Shelves themselves work the same as in Lite: a price that took an unusual share of the volume around it, kept on the chart, measured against three windows at once. The full description is in the Lite guide.

What Pro adds is a count on each shelf. Once price comes back to a level, OrderVane watches what the closes do with it:

- `3/8` — price visited that shelf eight times, and three of those visits ended without a close on the other side. This is a record, not a forecast. We did look for the pattern you would expect — that a shelf which held before is more likely to hold again — and we could not find it in our own data. So the label carries no mark of approval or failure. It gives you the two numbers and lets you decide what they are worth. The counter ships off; turn on `Volume shelf verdict counter` in settings to show it.
- The line carries the current state. While the last close respected the level the line stays solid at full weight; once a close lands beyond it the line turns faint and dotted. The count keeps running either way, so a faint line reading `2/9` says "it held twice across nine visits, and the most recent close went through".

The close decides. A wick through the level is not a break — price has to finish a bar on the other side. Depth of penetration, time spent beyond, and absorption at the level are evidence you can read from the other markers; they do not cast a vote.

Broken shelves stay on the chart. OrderVane does not claim that broken support becomes resistance — it records only that the level stopped holding, and leaves the read to you.

The measurement layer

Everything up to here reads one bar. The two tools below measure across bars: a statistics grid docked to the chart edge, and a range profile you drag over any stretch of chart. The grid is on by default; the range profile needs you to draw a box first.

Per-bar statistics grid

A compact table pinned to the top or bottom of the chart, one column per bar, aligned with the bars themselves. Each row is one measurement: total volume, delta, delta as a percent of volume, session cumulative delta, the largest and smallest delta reached inside the bar, volume per second, and bar duration. Rows are switched on individually, so you can keep it to two or three and it stays out of the way.

Two rows behave differently from the rest. Duration is a constant on a time chart — it only tells you something on tick or range bars, which is why it is off by default. The tape speed row is not a number but a small histogram of the measurement you pick — average trade size by default, or trades, volume or delta per second — and the color is the direction of that bar's delta. In the default bipolar style, bars with positive delta stand above a centre line and bars with negative delta hang below it.

Cells are shaded by value when heat coloring is on, so an unusual bar stands out without you reading the number. The shading is scaled to what is on screen, and the bar still forming is left out of that scale so it doesn't distort it.

> Empty cells are honest. If a bar has no delta source at all — no tick data and no volume analysis from the platform — the delta rows print a dash rather than a zero. A zero would read as "perfectly balanced", which is a different statement from "not known".

Range profile (drag to draw)

Click the profile button on the left edge of the chart, then drag a box over any stretch of chart. OrderVane builds a volume profile for exactly that range and draws it immediately — no waiting on the platform to recalculate.

Each box is independent. A row of chips appears under a selected box for the things you change most often: the source for each side, value area on or off and its percentage, POC, row grouping in ticks, and the magnet. The two sides can show different things — volume on one side and delta on the other is a common setup, and the butterfly shape that results makes it easy to see where size traded without direction.

A few behaviors worth knowing. Boxes are drawn with no fill and a dotted border so they don't hide the chart. The profile follows the box: move or resize it and the numbers rebuild. And by default every box on the chart shares one scale, so a box covering a busy hour draws visibly larger bars than a box over a quiet one — turn that off if you would rather each box use its own full width.

Your first 30 minutes

A workable order to get oriented:

1. Zoom in until the cells appear. Widen the bars until the numbers fit. If you see only candles, you are still zoomed out past the threshold — this is the single most common "nothing is showing" moment.
2. Read one bar slowly. Find the POC (gold, starred), the dotted Value Area boundaries, and the total-volume and delta labels above the bar. Get used to left = bid, right = ask before adding

anything else.

3. Find the imbalances. Look for the colored, bold half-cells and then for places where several of them stack. Those stacks become the extended zones you'll actually reuse later.
4. Set your row grouping. Open the quick menu and step Ticks per row up and down. Lower gives you detail, higher gives you readable rows when zoomed out. There is no correct value — it depends on the instrument's tick size and how far out you trade.
5. Turn the levels on one at a time. In the quick menu's LEVELS group, switch on Naked POC lines, then Zero print levels, then Unfinished auction, and see what each adds on your instrument. Turning them all on at once makes it hard to tell which line is which. The Overlay legend is on by default and starts collapsed as a small `> Legend` pill in the top right — click it to open a box that names the line and zone types currently on your chart, including zero prints, session levels and absorption marks. Naked POC lines are the one family with no legend row; they label themselves `nPOC` on the line instead.
6. Check the walls (Level 2 only). Watch a wall for a few minutes before you trust it — see how often it holds and how often it is pulled on your instrument.
7. Leave it alone for a session. Some detections need history, and the deep tick backfill fills in the past in the background while you work.

> Installing over a weekend? The past fills in from your broker's tick history, and most brokers return nothing outside market hours. Expect a mostly empty chart until the next session, and expect it to fill in on its own once live data resumes.

Next steps

- Make it yours. Right-click the OrderVane name -> Settings to adjust cell content, colors, row grouping, thresholds, and sounds.
- Display-only by design. OrderVane visualizes order flow — it never places orders or issues buy/sell signals. You stay in control.
- Need a hand? Email hello@ordervane.com — we're happy to help.

License & activation

- One-time purchase. OrderVane Pro is a one-time purchase — not a subscription.
- Machine-bound. Your license activates up to two computers — your desk and your laptop, for example. Activation is tied to the machine you enter the key on.
- Connectivity grace. The first activation must be online. After that, a brief outage won't lock you out: with no internet connection, your license stays valid for up to 7 days from the last successful check; if you are online but our licensing service can't be reached, the software keeps retrying; only if the service stays unreachable for about 2 hours does it pause — its drawings are hidden and a notice is shown — until the service is back, then it resumes automatically.
- Moving to a new computer. On the old PC, open OrderVane Settings, tick both "Release license from this PC" and the confirmation checkbox next to it, then apply — both are required, so a stray click cannot release your seat. That frees the seat, and you can enter your key on the new computer. The key field is cleared when the seat is released, so keep your key where you can find it.
- Keep your key safe — it's in your purchase email.

> What uses up a seat — activation is stored per Windows user account, in your `Documents` folder. Deleting that stored activation, or running Quantower under a different Windows account on the same PC, registers as a new machine and consumes another seat.

Updating to a new version

When a newer package exists, the indicator name on your chart shows ↑ Update available. Updates are included with your license — the full walkthrough is at ordervane.com/update.

1. Download the current package from your order page — open the link in your purchase email, or go to app.lemonsqueezy.com/my-orders and enter the email you paid with. That download link always serves the current package, not the one you bought back then.
2. Close Quantower.
3. Replace the old `OrderVane_Pro.dll` with the new one (or replace the whole `OrderVane_Pro` folder).
4. Restart Quantower.

Your charts, layouts, and OrderVane settings are preserved — you do not need to re-add the indicator or re-enter your license key.

OrderVane checks once a day whether a newer build exists and shows an update available note on the chart name badge if there is one. That check sends nothing — no license key, no machine ID, no chart or trade data — and it never downloads or installs anything on its own.

Uninstalling

1. Moving to another computer? Release the seat first (see License & activation above). The release runs from inside the indicator, so once the folder is gone you cannot free that seat yourself.
2. Close Quantower.
3. Delete the `OrderVane_Pro` folder from `...\Settings\Scripts\Indicators`.
4. Restart Quantower.

Troubleshooting

Symptom	Fix
OrderVane isn't in the indicator list	Confirm the file is at `...\Scripts\Indicators\OrderVane_Pro\OrderVane_Pro.dll`, then fully restart Quantower (quit the app, not just the chart window).
"Can't restore indicator" / it vanishes after restart	Make sure you replaced (not duplicated) the DLL and fully restarted. If it persists, remove and re-add the indicator, then save your workspace.
Watermark shown / markers hidden	Enter a valid license key in Settings, and check your internet connection (the first activation is online).

Symptom	Fix
"Activation limit reached"	The key is already active on two computers. Use "Release license from this PC" on one of them, or contact support.
No cells inside the bars	Zoom in. Cells are hidden below 34 px of bar width by default (Footprint cluster min bar width). Also confirm Footprint cells is on in the quick menu.
Cells show colored boxes but no numbers	Footprint: hide cells when numbers do not fit is off (it is on by default and hides the cells instead), and the rows are too short for the text. Zoom in further, raise Ticks per row so fewer and taller rows are drawn, or lower Footprint text min row height.
Some bars are blank or hatched	Your broker did not supply a price-by-price breakdown for that stretch. The hatching shows at almost any zoom; zoom in to also see the bar's total volume. This is a data limit, not a fault.
Cells and bubbles fill in slowly after opening a chart	Quantower is recalculating volume analysis for the loaded history. Load a shorter range if you need it faster. The "Footprint loading..." message clears as soon as the first cells appear in view — it is not a signal that the whole range is done, and older bars can still be filling in behind it.
The candles look different from my other charts	By design. OrderVane draws its own candles and hides Quantower's so the two don't overlap. To go back to the platform candles, switch off both Cover platform candles and Wide candle overlay enabled. Switching off only Cover platform candles leaves two candles drawn on top of each other; switching off only Wide candle overlay enabled leaves you with no candle at all, because the platform's candle renderer stays hidden.
No wall lines appear	Bid/ask walls need Level 2 (market depth) data. If your feed doesn't include depth, nothing is drawn. If it does, try lowering Wall size multiple or Wall min age to show.
No sound on alerts	Sounds are on by default and are auto-created in `Documents\OrderVane_Sounds\`. Check your Windows volume and the Sound options in OrderVane Settings. Sounds only fire for trades happening now — loading historical markers is silent by design. For cluster sounds specifically, Aggression cluster detection must also be switched on (it is off by default); the diamond markers can appear without it, but the sound cannot.
No markers appear	Make sure the instrument has live or historical trade (tick) data (time & sales). Some markers require sufficient trade volume to appear.
Nothing happens when you click Add	From v1.5 the chart shows the reason in one line. If it mentions the Quantower version, update Quantower (1.144.4 or newer); otherwise send that line to hello@ordervane.com.
Antivirus flags or removes the DLL	A false positive on a new, unsigned indicator. Restore `OrderVane_Pro.dll` from quarantine and add an exception for the `...\Indicators\OrderVane_Pro` folder.

Settings reference

Right-click the OrderVane name on the chart -> Settings. Pro includes every Lite section — License, Power Trades, Power Trades (Advanced), Big Trade Display, Adaptive Threshold, Aggression, Absorption, Sounds — unchanged. The sections below are what Pro adds, listed in the order they appear in the settings window.

Everything is display-only — OrderVane visualizes order flow and never places orders or issues trade signals. New settings apply to new instances, so most users only adjust colors, row grouping, and thresholds.

DOM Analysis — bid/ask walls

The wall rows need Level 2 (market depth) data — without depth, no wall line is drawn. The last row, the overlay legend, is grouped here in Settings but needs no depth data.

Setting	What it does
Bid/ask walls (resting size)	Master switch for the wall lines.
Wall size multiple (x avg)	How many times the average scanned level a resting size must be to count as a wall.
Wall auto floor (adapt to symbol)	Derives the minimum wall size from this symbol's own book, so you don't have to know its typical size.
Wall min size (contracts)	The manual minimum used when auto floor is off.
Wall scan depth (levels)	How many book levels to scan on each side.
Wall threshold mode / Wall percentile (0.50-0.99)	Judge by multiple of average, or by percentile of the scanned distribution — and which percentile.
Wall combine ticks (1=off)	Merges adjacent ticks into one level before judging, for instruments with very fine tick sizes.
Wall min age to show (sec, 0=off)	How long a wall must persist before it is drawn. Filters quotes that are pulled within seconds.
Wall bid color / Wall ask color	Line colors for bid-side / ask-side walls.
Wall show size label	Prints the resting size next to the line. Off draws the line only.
Overlay legend (level types)	A small collapsible box naming the line and zone types currently drawn on the chart. On by default, and it starts collapsed as a `> Legend` pill so it costs almost no space until you click it.

Footprint — the cells

Setting	What it does
Footprint cluster cells enabled	Master switch for the bid/ask ladder inside the bars.
Footprint lookback bars	A fallback limit. Cells are normally built for the range you are looking at, so scrolling into the past keeps filling them in; this value is used only when that visible range cannot be resolved.

Setting	What it does
Footprint tick engine	Builds the cells from OrderVane's own tick aggregation instead of waiting on the platform's volume analysis, so timeframe changes show up immediately.
Tick backfill hours / Deep tick backfill	How many hours of ticks to request, and whether to keep walking further back in the background. Both depend on your broker actually serving historical ticks.
Footprint: read Volume Profile	On a Volume Profile aggregation chart, reads the price levels already stored in each bar. Does nothing on a normal time chart.
Footprint cell data type	What the number in a cell is: volume, trade count, bid/ask percentage of the level, or average trade size.
Footprint column layout	Bid and ask side by side, or a single column showing volume or delta.
Footprint bar style	Switches the whole look at once: Custom, Numbers, Histogram profile, Delta blocks, Volume blocks, Ladder, or Heat row.
Footprint color scheme	Nine cell palettes (Classic, OrderVane, OrderFlow, LightWater, Monochrome, Gold/Purple, Steel, Ice/Fire, Neon).
Footprint cell intensity basis	Whether cell shading follows volume or delta.
Footprint cell intensity reference / Footprint intensity fixed value	Scale shading per bar, across the whole screen, or against a fixed number you set.
Footprint cell background style	Center split, right-aligned volume, or split to the outer edges.
Footprint cell volume bars / Footprint cell bar scale	The bar drawn behind each number, and whether it scales against the whole screen, that bar only, or that bar with a square-root curve.
Footprint cell number format	Auto (k), raw digits, or K/M.
Footprint cell text align	Number alignment in the single-column layouts.
Footprint cell text high-contrast	Keeps ordinary numbers neutral and puts a dark backing behind them, so color is reserved for imbalance and POC.
Footprint hide zero values	Hides the "0" on cells where one side had no trades.
Footprint grid background	The darker panel behind the cell area.
Footprint big cell top N	Highlights the N largest cells in each bar (0 = off).
Footprint delta outlier highlight	Outlines cells whose delta is a statistical outlier within that bar.
Footprint price step (ticks, 1=off)	How many ticks are merged into one row.
Footprint price step auto (ATR)	Derives the row grouping from recent volatility. When on, the larger of this and your manual value is used.

Setting	What it does
Price step ATR length / Price step ATR multiplier	The ATR length and multiplier used by the automatic grouping.
Footprint row height dynamic / Footprint row height (px, 8-40)	Let row height follow the zoom, or pin it to a fixed pixel height.
Footprint row height gap (px)	Visual separation between rows.
Footprint cluster min bar width	Below this bar width the cells are hidden and only the candle is drawn.
Footprint text min bar width / Footprint text min row height	Below these, cell numbers are hidden — and the cells too while Footprint: hide cells when numbers do not fit is on (the default); with it off, the colored boxes remain.
Footprint text dust filter %	Cells smaller than this share of the bar's largest cell drop their number. Imbalanced rows and the POC are exempt.
Footprint text avoid candle body	Shifts numbers aside so they don't sit on top of the candle body.
Footprint cluster render width % / Footprint bar spacing px	How much of the bar width the cells occupy, and a fixed pixel gap between bars.
Footprint cell margin (px, 0-10)	Left/right padding inside the cell area.
Footprint volume profile	A horizontal volume histogram beside each bar.
Footprint profile width % (10-50) / Footprint profile gap (px, 0-10)	Its width, and the gap between it and the bar.
Footprint profile color mode	Single volume color, or colored by delta direction.
Show volume on bar / Show delta on bar	The total-volume and delta labels above each bar.
Show extreme delta highlight / Extreme delta percent	Emphasizes the delta label when delta over volume exceeds the percentage you set.
Footprint value area style	Background shading, dotted boundary lines, or both.
Footprint VA lines on zoom-out	Keeps the dotted Value Area lines visible after the cells hide.
Show zero print levels / Zero print min side volume	Marks rows where one side had no trades at all, and how much the other side must have traded to qualify. On by default — raise the volume threshold if the chart gets crowded.
Reload markers	Marks a price where large same-direction trades keep arriving.

Setting	What it does
Reload window (sec) / Reload min count	The time window and how many repeats are required.
Unfinished auction marking	Marks a bar high or low where both sides printed. Off by default — switch it on to use it.
High-volume bar basis / Highlight high-volume bars	Outlines a whole bar in gold when it clears a size threshold, and which figure that threshold measures (0 = off).
Footprint quick panel (on-chart)	The on-chart button and quick panel.

Setting	What it does
Show volume on bar (top/bottom totals) / Show delta on bar (top/bottom totals)	The total-volume and delta labels drawn above each bar. Both on by default.
Show extreme delta highlight (bar bottom)	Marks bars whose delta is unusually one-sided. Off by default.
Highlight high-volume bars (total volume, 0=off)	Outlines any bar whose total volume clears a number you set. 0 leaves it off.
Footprint cluster min bar width (px)	How wide a bar must be before cells are drawn at all. Below this you get candles only.
Footprint text min bar width (px)	How wide a bar must be before the numbers are drawn. Between the two thresholds the cells are hidden too (default) — or show as colored cells without numbers if Footprint: hide cells when numbers do not fit is off.
Footprint profile min bar width (px)	How wide a bar must be before the side histogram is drawn.
Footprint: hide cells when numbers do not fit	At zoom levels where the numbers cannot fit, hides the cells too rather than leaving color blocks. On by default.
Footprint: numbers need histogram	Only draws cell numbers where the histogram is drawn as well, so numbers never float without the shape behind them.
Footprint: bar column separator	A faint line at each bar boundary, so one bar's ladder reads as one block.

Imbalance — imbalance and stacked zones

Setting	What it does
Footprint imbalance ratio	How many times the opposite side one half of a row must be to count as imbalanced.
Imbalance basis	Judge by volume ratio, or by delta.
Imbalance mode	Compare the two halves of the same row, diagonally against the next price, or both.

Setting	What it does
Diagonal imbalance enabled (adjacent-price)	Switch on to compare the ask at one price against the bid one tick below (and the bid against the ask one tick above). Off by default.
Imbalance highlight style	Half-cell border, or a gold box around the whole row.
Show stacked imbalance accent (per-cell side segments)	Switch on for a thin colored strip on the imbalanced side of each stacked cell.
Imbalance auto min volume	Derives a minimum row volume from what's on screen, so the filter keeps working when you change symbol or timeframe.
Imbalance min volume (0=off)	A manual minimum instead. Also stops a single contract counting as an infinite ratio when the other side is empty.
Imbalance min delta (0=off)	Requires this much same-direction delta as well.
Imbalance tiers enabled	Switch on to color stronger imbalances differently.
Imbalance tier 2 ratio / Imbalance tier 3 ratio	The ratios at which the second and third tiers begin (0 = off).
Imbalance tier 2 color / Imbalance tier 3 color	Their colors.
Footprint stacked imbalance bins	How many consecutive imbalanced rows form a zone.
Stacked imbalance zone extend (until broken)	Extends the zone to the right until price trades through it.
Stacked zone max active (1-50) / Stacked zone max age bars	How many zones are kept on screen at once (newest first), and when old ones expire.
Equal bid/ask highlight	Switch on to mark rows where both sides traded almost the same amount.
Equal bid/ask tolerance (%) / Equal bid/ask color	How close counts as equal, and the color used.

Setting	What it does
Imbalance tier 2 ratio (0=off) / Imbalance tier 3 ratio (0=off)	Optional second and third thresholds above the base ratio, each drawn in its own color, so a 5x imbalance does not look the same as a 15x one. 0 leaves them off.
Stacked zone max age bars (20-2000)	How long an untouched stacked zone keeps being extended before it is retired.

POC & Value Area

Setting	What it does
Show POC highlight (yellow fill + outline + star)	Marks the most-traded price in each bar.

Setting	What it does
POC highlight color	Its color.
POC outline width (px)	Outline thickness.
POC show star marker	Draws the star as well as the fill and outline.
Naked POC extension (until touched)	Switch on to extend an untouched bar POC to the right until price returns to it, then fade it out.
Show per-candle Value Area shading	Marks the volume-weighted middle of each bar.
Value Area percent (50-95, std 68)	The share of the bar's volume the Value Area covers. The industry convention is 68. Any whole number from 1 to 100 works; the quick panel's STYLE group has the same setting as Value area %.

Candles & Takeover

Setting	What it does
Cover platform candles	Hides Quantower's own candles so they don't overlap OrderVane's. On by default.
Cover mode	How they are hidden: full background, candle areas only, recolor, or switch off the platform's candle renderer (the default).
Cover color / Cover background sampling	The color used by the covering modes, and whether to sample the surrounding pixels so the cover matches other indicators' backgrounds.
Wide candle overlay enabled	Draws OrderVane's own candle. With platform candles hidden, this is your candle — switch both off together to return to the platform's.
Wide candle style	Classic, Border only, Modern left, Modern center, Brick, Histogram, Gradient, or a fixed 12 px width.
Candle body width (% of bar)	Body width as a share of the bar.
Wide candle width multiplier	Scales the whole candle area.
Wide candle body opacity	Body fill opacity. Lower lets the cells behind show through.
Candle outline width (px)	Border and wick thickness.
Wide candle border color	Direction color, or a fixed cyan / white / yellow.
Candle up color / Candle down color	Up and down candle colors.
Candle fill dim over cells (%)	Fades the body fill at zoom levels where cell numbers are visible, so the numbers stay readable. 100 disables the fading.
Wide candle wick end marks	Switch on for short horizontal marks at the open and close.
Style preset (apply once)	Applies a coordinated set of visual settings in one go — Signature, Classic, or Minimal Delta — then returns to Custom.

Setting	What it does
Delta shadow when zoomed out	The direction triangle drawn under each bar once the cells hide.

Bar Stats — the per-bar grid

A column per bar, one row per measurement, docked to the top or bottom edge. Rows are switched on individually.

Setting	What it does
Bar stats grid enabled (per-bar Vol/Delta/MaxD/MinD/V-s/Dur)	Master switch for the grid.
Bar stats grid position	Dock it to the top or the bottom of the chart.
Bar stats: show Volume row / show Delta row	Total traded volume, and buy minus sell, for each bar. Both on by default.
Bar stats: show Delta% row	Delta as a percent of that bar's volume.
Bar stats: show Cum Delta row (session)	Running delta since the session started.
Bar stats: show Max Delta row / show Min Delta row	The largest and smallest delta reached at any point inside the bar, not just at its close.
Bar stats: show Vol/Sec row	Volume divided by the bar's duration.
Bar stats: show Duration row	Bar length in seconds. Constant on a time chart, so it is off by default and only useful on tick or range bars.
Bar stats: show Trades row / show Buy volume row / show Sell volume row	Trade count and the two sides separately. Off by default; they need a data source that reports them.
Bar stats: show POC price row	The most-traded price in each bar, as a price.
Bar stats: show Delta change row	This bar's delta minus the previous bar's.
Bar stats: heat coloring (value-scaled cell background)	Shades each cell by its value against what is on screen, so outliers stand out without reading numbers. The forming bar is excluded from the scale.
Bar stats row height px (10-24) / Bar stats: number font scale	Row height, and a multiplier on the number size for high-DPI screens.
Bar stats positive color / Bar stats negative color	Colors for positive and negative values.

Setting	What it does
Bar stats: clearance below grid (%)	Extra space kept between the grid and the price area.
Bar stats: bottom offset (px)	Lifts a bottom-docked grid, for when the platform draws its own volume histogram there.

Tape Speed — the meter row

Speed of the tape: how fast trades are arriving, judged against this session's own average rather than a fixed number.

Setting	What it does
Bar stats: show Tape speed row	Adds the speed row to the statistics grid.
Bar stats: tape speed style	Meter (bars), Numbers + heat, or Meter (bipolar) — the default — which puts bars with positive delta above a centre line and bars with negative delta below it.
Bar stats: tape meter metric	What the row measures: average trade size (the default), trades/s, volume/s, delta/s, buy or sell trades/s, or buy or sell volume/s.
Bar stats: tape control line period / tape control type	A moving average drawn over the row, and whether it is simple or exponential. 0 turns it off.
Bar stats: tape hot threshold (x control)	How many times the control line counts as "hot". Hot bars get a marked tip.
Bar stats: tape meter row height (px)	Height of the speed row. It is a histogram, so it benefits from more height than a text row.
Bar stats: tape meter height mapping	Whether bar height is compressed, linear, or scaled to the deviation from normal.
Bar stats: tape meter volume backdrop	Adds a second bar to the speed row (volume by default), so you can read both at once. By default it stands beside each speed bar; at very narrow zoom only the speed bar is kept.
Bar stats: tape meter 2nd series / 2nd series style	An optional second measurement in the same row, and how the two are drawn together.
Tape hot alert	Off, a visual flash, or flash plus a sound when the tape goes hot.

Range Profile — drag to draw

Draw a box over any stretch of chart and OrderVane builds a profile for exactly that range. Each box keeps its own settings.

Setting	What it does
Range profile on rectangles	Master switch: turns any rectangle you draw into a profile.

Setting	What it does
Range profile draw button (on-chart)	Shows the button on the left edge that arms the drag-to-draw.
Range profile quick chips (click under box)	The row of chips under a selected box for source, value area, POC, row grouping and magnet.
Range profile left source (0=Off 1=Vol 2=Delta 3=Buy 4=Sell) / right source	What each side shows: volume, delta, buy, sell, or TPO. Different sources on the two sides is the point of the butterfly layout.
Range profile left overlays (bitmask) / right overlays	Draws extra sources as outlines on top of the filled one, for comparing shapes.
Range profile overlay width (% of bar, 10-100)	How long those outline rows are drawn, relative to the filled profile.
Range profile POC line / value area / value area % (50-100)	The most-traded row, the value area band, and what share of volume it covers.
Range profile VWAP line / VWAP color	A volume-weighted average price line that develops across the box, rather than one flat line at the final value.
Range profile price step (ticks, 1=off)	Row grouping inside the box.
Range profile width (% of box)	How far the bars extend into the box.
Range profile baseline (0=Left edge, 1=Right edge)	Which edge of the box the bars grow from.
Range profile common scale across boxes	Makes every box share one scale, so their sizes are comparable. Off gives each box its own full width.
Range profile absolute scale (vs volume max)	Keeps the delta side on the same scale as the volume side instead of stretching it to its own maximum.
Range profile intensity by value	Fades quiet rows and brightens busy ones, so the shape reads at a glance.
Range profile value labels	Prints the actual numbers at the end of each row, plus a total for the box.
Range profile smooth silhouette	Interpolates between rows when they are tall enough, for a continuous outline instead of steps.
Range profile edge outline / outline color	An outline traced along the ends of the rows.
Range profile row gap (px, 0-3)	A gap between rows so they read as separate levels.
Range profile LVN bands / LVN threshold %	Highlights the low-volume valleys between busy areas, and how low a row has to be to count. Each band is labelled with how pronounced the valley is.

Setting	What it does
Range profile: tape histogram / tape source / tape step (ticks) / tape width (% of box) / tape contrast	An optional speed profile inside the box: how fast each price was passed through, with its own source, row grouping, width and contrast.
Range profile: fast LVN highlight	Marks rows that are both low-volume and fast — the places price went through rather than traded at.
Range profile volume color / value area color / value area fill color	Colors for the bars, the value area line, and the value area fill.
Range profile POC line color / delta up color / delta down color	Colors for the POC line and for positive and negative delta.
Range profile TPO scaled to volume (area-matched)	Converts TPO counts to the volume scale so a TPO outline and a volume profile can be read against the same ruler.
Range profile magnet (snap to bars)	Snaps a dragged edge to nearby bar times and prices. Off by default so free placement stays the norm.
Range profile auto-style box (no fill, points border)	Styles a newly drawn box so it does not hide the chart: no fill, dotted border. Applied once, at creation, so your own changes are kept.
Range profile max boxes (1-32)	How many boxes are drawn at once.

Bar-POC dots

Setting	What it does
Bar-POC 4-type enabled	Marks each bar's most-traded price with a dot. Off by default.
Bar-POC delta mode	Which bars qualify: any, positive delta only, negative only, or both marked separately.
Bar-POC lookback bars	How far back to draw them.

Session Levels

Built from the previous session and kept on the chart while today trades. Everything here is display-only.

Setting	What it does
Session levels	Master switch for the whole session-level layer.
Session levels: previous session profile	Draws the previous session's volume profile next to the session it came from.
Session levels: sessions back	How many previous sessions to draw (1-10). Extra sessions are faded and carry no touch band.

Setting	What it does
Session levels: extend VAH/VAL/POC right	Extends those three lines across today, each labelled with its price.
Session levels: touch band	Shades a band of a few ticks either side of each line, so "at the level" has a width.
Session levels: absorption at touch	Marks a touch where unusual effort met little penetration. An observation of what happened, not a forecast.
Session levels: value area (%)	The share of the session's volume the value area covers (1-100). The industry convention is 70 for a session profile.
Session levels: band ticks	How wide the touch band is, in ticks (1-20).
Session levels: session hours (blank = auto)	The session window in exchange time, for example 08:00-13:30. Leave blank for the exchange's regular hours on CME index, energy, metal, rate, currency and grain futures, and the chart's session list on other markets. Type full for the whole trading day.
Session Map window	Opens the Session Map in its own window: the last five sessions and today on one price axis. On by default. Close it with the X button on its title bar to keep it closed.

Also included in Pro

Pro is the full toolkit: everything above plus the measurement layer — a per-bar statistics grid docked to the chart edge (volume, delta, extremes and more, row by row), an in-grid tape speed meter, the drag-to-draw range profile with per-box sources and overlays, stacked imbalance zones, and bar-POC dots. Those settings live in their own sections of the settings window; this guide documents the sections above first, and the rest are named clearly enough to explore from the quick menu.

Support

- Website: https://ordervane.com
- Email: hello@ordervane.com

Disclaimer

OrderVane is an analysis & visualization tool. It is not investment advice, it does not provide trade signals, and it does not place orders. Trading futures, CFDs, and FX carries a substantial risk of loss, including the possibility of losing more than your initial deposit. Any simulation or backtest statistics shown in marketing are hypothetical, are based on historical data, and do not guarantee future results. You are solely responsible for all trading decisions and outcomes. See the End User License Agreement at https://ordervane.com/eula for the full terms (also bundled as `OrderVane_EULA.pdf`).